

# STIC Search Report Biotech-Chem Library

## STIC Database Tracking Number: 198451

TO: Marcela Cordero Garcia

Location: REM/3A39/3C18

Art Unit: 1654

Monday, August 21, 2006

Case Serial Number: 10/627314

From: Paul Schulwitz

**Location: Biotech-Chem Library** 

**REM-1A65** 

Phone: 571-272-2527

Paul.schulwitz@uspto.gov

## **Search Notes**

Examiner Cordero Garcia,

Please review the attached search results.

If you have any questions or if you would like to refine the search query, please feel free to contact me at any time.

Thank you for using STIC search services!

Paul Schulwitz Technical Information Specialist REM-1A65 571-272-2527



لغراز وافره ها

From: Sent: To: Subject:	Friday, August 1° STIC-Biotech/Ch		, ,
Art Unit:	n: 2939	(P/1654)	
REM3C18  Case serial nu 10/627,31  Class / Subcla 514/10  Earliest Prior 02/01/200  Format preferr Paper  Search Topic I	mber: 4 ss(es): ity Filing Dat 1 ed for results		
KRLFKKLKFSLRKY (SEQ ID NO:4), SSSKEENRIIPGGI	material al agent selec (SEQ ID NO:2) FKCRRWQWRMKKI (SEQ ID NO: 7 factor (included)	cted from KRKFHEKHHSHRG , KRLFKKLLFSLRKY (SEQ LG (SEQ ID NO:5), GRRRR 7) ading TGF beta superfam	ID NO:3), LLLFLLKKRKKRKY RSVQWCA (SEQ ID NO:6) or
********* Searcher: Searcher Phone: Date Searcher Picked up: Date completed: Searcher Prep Time: Online Time:	 _ -	*************  Type of Search  NA# AA#: S/L: Oligomer: Encode/Transl: Structure #:Text: Inventor: Litigation:	**************  Vendors and cost where applicable  STN: DIALOG: QUESTEL/ORBIT: LEXIS/NEXIS: SEQUENCE SYSTEM: WWW/Internet: Other (Specify):

=> d 129 rn cn sql kwic nte lc 1-43

L29 ANSWER 1 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **896750-62-2** REGISTRY

CN 19: PN: US20060147442 SEQID: 19 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 51

SEQ 1 MKFFVFALIL ALMLSMTGAD SHAKRHHGYK RKFHEKHHSH RGYRSNYLYD

HITS AT: 30-43

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 2 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN 887954-06-5 REGISTRY

CN 17: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 7 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SOL 280

SEQ 1 APRKNVRWCT ISQPEWFKCR RWQWRMKKLG APSITCVRRA FALECIRAIA

HITS AT: 17-30

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 3 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **887954-05-4** REGISTRY

CN 16: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 6 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SOL 284

SEQ 1 APRKNVRWCT ISQPEWFKCR RWQWRMKKLG APSITCVRRA FALECIRAIA

----

HITS AT: 17-30

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 4 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **887954-04-3** REGISTRY

CN 15: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 5 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 333

SEQ 1 GRRRRSVQWC AVSQPEATKC FQWQRNMRKV RGPPVSCIKR DSPIQCIQAI

HITS AT: 1-11

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 5 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **887954-03-2** REGISTRY

CN 14: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 4 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 692

SEQ 1 GRRRRSVQWC AVSQPEATKC FQWQRNMRKV RGPPVSCIKR DSPIQCIQAI

HITS AT: 1-11

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 6 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **887954-02-1** REGISTRY

CN 13: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 3 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SOL 711

SEQ 1 MKLVFLVLLF LGALGLCLAG RRRRSVQWCA VSQPEATKCF QWQRNMRKVR

- ------

HITS AT: 20-30

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 7 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **887954-01-0** REGISTRY

CN 12: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 2 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 689

SEQ 1 APRKNVRWCT ISQPEWFKCR RWQWRMKKLG APSITCVRRA FALECIRAIA

==== ==========

HITS AT: 17-30

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 8 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **887954-00-9** REGISTRY

CN 11: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 1 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 708

SEQ 1 MKLFVPALLS LGALGLCLAA PRKNVRWCTI SQPEWFKCRR WQWRMKKLGA

===== ======

HITS AT: 36-49

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 9 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **887953-93-7** REGISTRY

CN 4: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 11 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 681

SEQ 1 CTISQPEWFK CRRWQWRMKK LGAPSITCVR RAFALECIRA IAEKKADAVT

-------

HITS AT: 9-22

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 10 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **887953-92-6** REGISTRY

CN 3: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 10 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 344

SEQ 1 APRKNVRWCT ISQPEWFKCR RWQWRMKKLG APSITCVRRA FALECIRAIA

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HITS AT: 17-30

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 11 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **887953-91-5** REGISTRY

CN 2: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 9 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 332

SEQ 1 APRKNVRWCT ISQPEWFKCR RWQWRMKKLG APSITCVRRA FALECIRAIA

HITS AT: 17-30

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 12 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN 887953-90-4 REGISTRY

CN 1: PN: WO2006054908 SEQID: 8 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SOL 281

SEQ 1 APRKNVRWCT ISQPEWFKCR RWQWRMKKLG APSITCVRRA FALECIRAIA

==== ======

HITS AT: 17-30

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 13 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **886088-41-1** REGISTRY

CN 37: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 38 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 708

SEQ 1 MKLFVPALLS LGALGLCLAA PRKNVRWCTI SQPEWFKCRR WQWRMKKLGA

----

HITS AT: 36-49

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 14 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **886088-38-6** REGISTRY

CN 34: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 35 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 708

SEQ 1 MKLFVPALLS LGALGLCLAA PRKNVRWCTI SQPEWFKCRR WQWRMKKLGA

===== ======

HITS AT: 36-49

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 15 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **886088-37-5** REGISTRY

CN 33: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 34 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 711

SEQ 1 MKLVFLVLLF LGALGLCLAG RRRRSVQWCA VSQPEATKCF QWQRNMRKVR

= ========

HITS AT: 20-30

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 16 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **886088-34-2** REGISTRY

CN 30: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 31 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 709

SEQ 1 LVFLVLLFLG ALGLCLAGRR RRSVQWCAVS QPEATKCFQW QRNMRKVRGP

=== =======

HITS AT: 18-28

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 17 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **886088-33-1** REGISTRY

CN 28: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 29 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SOL 708

SEQ 1 MKLFVPALLS LGALGLCLAA PRKNVRWCTI SQPEWFKCRR WQWRMKKLGA

-----

HITS AT: 36-49

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 18 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **886088-31-9** REGISTRY

CN 26: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 27 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 711

SEQ 1 MKLVFLVLLF LGALGLCLAG RRRRSVQWCA VSQPEATKCF QWQRNMRKVR

= ========

HITS AT: 20-30

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 19 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN 886088-26-2 REGISTRY

CN 21: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 22 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 708

SEQ 1 MKLFVPALLS LGALGLCLAA PRKNVRWCTI SQPEWFKCRR WQWRMKKLGA

\_\_\_\_\_

HITS AT: 36-49

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 20 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **886088-22-8** REGISTRY

CN 15: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 16 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 708

SEQ 1 MKLFVPALLS LGALGLCLAA PRKNVRWCTI SQPEWFKCRR WQWRMKKLGA

----- -----

HITS AT: 36-49

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 21 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **886088-21-7** REGISTRY

CN 14: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 15 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 711

SEQ 1 MKLVFLVLLF LGALGLCLAG RRRRSVQWCA VSQPEATKCF QWQRNMRKVR

= ========

HITS AT: 20-30

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 22 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **886088-19-3** REGISTRY

CN 12: PN: WO2006047744 SEQID: 13 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 681

SEQ 1 CTISQPEWFK CRRWQWRMKK LGAPSITCVR RAFALECIRA IAEKKADAVT

== ======== ==

HITS AT: 9-22

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 23 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **724913-27-3** REGISTRY

CN Proteinase inhibitor, cystatin S (human) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 134: PN: WO2004063709 SEQID: 134 claimed protein

SQL. .

SEO 1 MARPLCTLLL LMATLAGALA SSSKEENRII PGGIYDADLN DEWVQRALHF

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_

HITS AT: 21-34

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

L29 ANSWER 24 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **627916-95-4** REGISTRY

CN 71: PN: WOO3097854 SEQID: 69 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 711

SEQ 1 MKLVFLVLLF LGALGLCLAG RRRRSVQWCA VSQPEATKCF QWQRNMRKVR

= =========

HITS AT: 20-30

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 25 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN **503571-74-2** REGISTRY

CN Tumor-associated protein TAT236 (human clone DNA225886 precursor) (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 77: PN: WO03024392 FIGURE: 77 claimed. . .

SEQ 1 MARPLCTLLL LMATLAGALA SSSKEENRII PGGIYDADLN DEWVQRALHF

\_\_\_\_\_\_

HITS AT: 21-34

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

L29 ANSWER 26 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN 481510-83-2 REGISTRY

```
CN
    GenBank CAA38572 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    18: PN: WO2006054908 PAGE: 27 claimed protein
CN
    GenBank CAA38572 (Translated from: . .
SEO
        1 CTISQPEWFK CRRWQWRMKK LGAPSITCVR RAFALECIRA IAEKKADAVT
                 == ======== ==
HITS AT:
          9-22
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
    STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER
L29 ANSWER 27 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RN
    255057-51-3 REGISTRY
    4: PN: WO0001427 PAGE: 2 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
SOL 29
SEO
        1 KRLFKKLKFS LRKYKRLFKK LKFSLRKYK
          1-28
HITS AT:
    STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
L29 ANSWER 28 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
    255057-46-6 REGISTRY
    2: PN: WO0001427 PAGE: 2 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
SQL 29
SEO
        1 KRKFHEKHHS HRGYKRKFHE KHHSHRGYK
          ______
HITS AT:
          1 - 28
    STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
L29 ANSWER 29 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
    255057-45-5 REGISTRY
    1: PN: WO0001427 PAGE: 5 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
SQL 30
SEO
        1 YGRHSHHKEH FKRKCCKRKF HEKHHSHRGY
                          ____
HITS AT: 17-30
    STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
L29 ANSWER 30 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
    252209-80-6 REGISTRY
    Glycine, L-phenylalanyl-L-lysyl-L-cysteinyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-
    tryptophyl-L-qlutaminyl-L-tryptophyl-L-arginyl-L-methionyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-
    L-leucyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
    25: PN: WO2005024002 SEQID: 56 unclaimed sequence
CN
    5: PN: EP1228772 SEQID:. . .
        1 FKCRRWOWRM KKLG
SEQ
          _____
HITS AT:
          1 - 14
    STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
L29 ANSWER 31 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RN
    230974-92-2 REGISTRY
```

L-Tyrosine, L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-

CN

```
lysyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl- (9CI)
     INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     4: PN: EP1228772 SEQID: 4 claimed protein
CN
     4: PN: EP1360961 SEQID:. . .
CN
SEO
         1 LLLFLLKKRK KRKY
           _____ ___
HITS AT:
           1 - 14
LC
     STN Files:
                  BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
L29
     ANSWER 32 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
     230974-91-1 REGISTRY
RN
     L-Tyrosine, L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-
CN
     leucyl-L-lysyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-seryl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl- (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     2: PN: EP1228772 SEQID: 2 claimed protein
CN
     2: PN: EP1360961 SEQID:. . .
CN
SEQ
         1 KRLFKKLKFS LRKY
           _________________
HITS AT:
           1 - 14
                  CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
LC
     STN Files:
L29
     ANSWER 33 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RN
     223762-50-3 REGISTRY
     L-Tyrosine, L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-
CN
     leucyl-L-leucyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-seryl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl- (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     3: PN: EP1228772 SEQID: 3 claimed protein
CN
CN
     3: PN: EP1360961 SEQID:. . .
SEQ
         1 KRLFKKLLFS LRKY
           HITS AT:
           1 - 14
                  BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
LC
     STN Files:
L29
     ANSWER 34 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
     220126-74-9 REGISTRY
RN
     L-Isoleucine, L-seryl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-lysyl-L-\alpha-glutamyl-L-\alpha-
CN
     glutamyl-L-asparaginyl-L-arginyl-L-isoleucyl-L-isoleucyl-L-
     prolylglycylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     7: PN: EP1228772 SEQID: 7 claimed protein
CN
     Cystatin S1-15
CN
    14
SQL
SEQ
         1 SSSKEENRII PGGI
           _____ ====
HITS AT:
           1 - 14
                CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
LC
     STN Files:
     ANSWER 35 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L29
     183623-03-2 REGISTRY
RN
     L-Alanine, glycyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-seryl-L-valyl-
CN
     L-glutaminyl-L-tryptophyl-L-cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
```

```
CN
         L-arginyl]-L-arginyl]-L-seryl]-L-valyl]-L-glutaminyl]-L-tryptophyl]-L-
         cysteinyl]-
OTHER NAMES:
         16: PN: WO2005024002 SEQID: 46. . .
CN
SEO
                 1 GRRRRSVOWC A
                     _____ =
HITS AT:
                     1-11
LC
         STN Files:
                                  CA, CAPLUS, PROUSDDR, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
L29 ANSWER 36 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RN
         170867-20-6 REGISTRY
CN
         L-Phenylalanine, \ L-phenylalanyl-L-lysyl-L-cysteinyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-
         tryptophyl-L-glutaminyl-L-tryptophyl-L-arginyl-L-methionyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-
         L-leucylglycyl-L-alanyl-L-prolyl-L-seryl-L-isoleucyl-L-threonyl-L-
         cysteinyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
         114: PN: WO0031279 TABLE: 1 unclaimed protein
CN
CN
         15: PN: US20060147442 SEQID:. .
SEQ
                 1 FKCRRWQWRM KKLGAPSITC VRRAF
                     HITS AT:
                     1 - 14
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
         STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATZ, USPATFULL
L29 ANSWER 37 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RN
         155113-11-4 REGISTRY
         L-Tyrosine, L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-histidyl-L-\alpha-
CN
         glutamyl-L-lysyl-L-histidyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-histidyl-L-arginylglycyl-
          (9CI)
                     (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
         Histatin 8 (human parotid saliva), N2-(N2-L-lysyl-L-arginyl)-
OTHER NAMES:
CN
         1:. .
SEO
                 1 KRKFHEKHHS HRGY
                     HITS AT:
                     1 - 14
LC
         STN Files:
                              CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
L29 ANSWER 38 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RN
         146897-68-9 REGISTRY
CN
         L-Phenylalanine, L-phenylalanyl-L-lysyl-L-cysteinyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-
         tryptophyl-L-glutaminyl-L-tryptophyl-L-arginyl-L-methionyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-
         L-leucylglycyl-L-alanyl-L-prolyl-L-seryl-L-isoleucyl-L-threonyl-L-
         cysteinyl-L-valyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-alanyl-, cyclic
          (3\rightarrow20)-disulfide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
         1H, 16H-Pyrrolo[2,1-p][1,2,5,8,11,14,17,20,23,26,29,32,35,38,41,44,47,50,53
         ]dithiaheptadecaazacyclohexapentacontine, cyclic peptide deriv.
CN
         Lactoferricin
CN
         Lactoferricin B
         MONL 03
CN
SEO
                 1 FKCRRWQWRM KKLGAPSITC VRRAF
                     _____
```

```
Garcia 10/627,314
HITS AT: 1-14
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
        _____
       ----- location ----- description
bridge Cys-3 - Cys-20 disulfide bridge
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM,
    DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL
L29 ANSWER 39 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
    143298-48-0 REGISTRY
RN
CN
    Proteinase inhibitor, cystatin S (human clone C3/C4-4 precursor reduced)
    (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
   11: PN: US6235708 SEQID:. . .
SEO
        1 MARPLCTLLL LMATLAGALA SSSKEENRII PGGIYDADLN DEWVQRALHF
                            _____
HITS AT: 21-34
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
    STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
L29 ANSWER 40 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RN
    136843-45-3 REGISTRY
    L-Tyrosine, L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-histidyl-L-histidylqlycyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
CN
    lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-histidyl-L-\alpha-glutamyl-L-
    lysyl-L-histidyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-histidyl-L-arginylglycyl- (9CI)
    INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
    Histatin 5 (human parotid saliva), 1-de-L-aspartic acid-2-de-L-serine-3-de-
    L-histidine-4-de-L-alanine-
OTHER NAMES:
CN. .
       1 KRHHGYKRKF HEKHHSHRGY
SEO
              ==== ========
HITS AT: 7-20
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
L29 ANSWER 41 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
    132796-31-7 REGISTRY
RN
    L-Tyrosine, glycyl-L-tyrosyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-
CN
    histidyl-L-\alpha-glutamyl-L-lysyl-L-histidyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-
    histidyl-L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
    Histatin 8 (human parotid saliva), N2-[N2-(N2-(N-qlycyl-L-tyrosyl)-L-
    lysyl]-L-arginyl]-
SQL
   16
```

SEO 1 GYKRKFHEKH HSHRGY 

HITS AT: 3-16

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

```
L29 ANSWER 42 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RN
     117233-32-6 REGISTRY
     L-Tyrosine, L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-histidyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-
CN
     arginyl-L-histidyl-L-histidylglycyl-L-tyrosyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-
     phenylalanyl-L-histidyl-L-α-glutamyl-L-lysyl-L-histidyl-L-histidyl-L-
     seryl-L-histidyl-L-arginylglycyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
    Histatin 5 (human parotid saliva), 24a-L-tyrosine-
OTHER NAMES:
    HRP. . .
CN
SEO
        1 DSHAKRHHGY KRKFHEKHHS HRGYY
                     _____
HITS AT: 11-24
LC
     STN Files:
                 CA, CAPLUS, MEDLINE, PROMT
L29 ANSWER 43 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
RN
     115966-68-2 REGISTRY
CN
     L-Tyrosine, L-α-aspartyl-L-seryl-L-histidyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-
     arginyl-L-histidyl-L-histidylglycyl-L-tyrosyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-
     phenylalanyl-L-histidyl-L-α-glutamyl-L-lysyl-L-histidyl-L-histidyl-L-
     seryl-L-histidyl-L-arginylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     11: PN: US6844010 SEQID: 1 unclaimed protein
CN
CN
     14: PN: WO03014078 SEQID:. . .
SEO
        1 DSHAKRHHGY KRKFHEKHHS HRGY
                     HITS AT:
          11-24
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
     STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS,
       CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL
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=> d his nofil
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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:39:25 ON 21 AUG 2006)
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:39:35 ON 21 AUG 2006
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US200!-627314/APPS
L1
               SEL RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:39:57 ON 21 AUG 2006
             9 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (155113-11-4/BI OR 183623-03-2/BI OR
L2
               220126-74-9/BI OR 223762-50-3/BI OR 230974-91-1/BI OR 230974-92
                -2/BI OR 252209-80-6/BI OR 358644-55-0/BI OR 7558-79-4/BI)
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:40:14 ON 21 AUG 2006
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND L2
L3
               D IALL HITSTR
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:40:56 ON 21 AUG 2006
            39 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON KRKFHEKHHSHRGY/SQSP
L4
L5
             3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON KRLFKKLKFSLRKY/SQSP
L6
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON KRLFKKLLFSLRKY/SQSP
L7
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON LLLFLLKKRKKRKY/SQSP
            89 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON FKCRRWQWRMKKLG/SQSP
^{18}
            72 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON GRRRRSVQWCA/SQSP
1.9
            29 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON SSSKEENRIIPGGI/SQSP
L10
               E BONE GROWTH/CN
L11
             4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON BONE GROW?/CN
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:42:52 ON 21 AUG 2006
               E BONE/CT
               E E3+ALL
L12
          6831 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON BONE+PFT,NT/CT(L)(ARTIFIC? OR CEMENT?)
L13
         11199 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON BONE(L)(ARTIFIC? OR CEMENT?)
         11265 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 OR L13
L14
L15
         14248 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 OR BONE (8A) (?CEMENT? OR GLUE?)
               E BONE FORMATION/CT
               E E3+ALL
L16
        21876 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON BONE FORMATION+PFT/CT OR L15
               E BONE GROWTH FACTOR/CT
               E GROWTH FACTORS/CT
               E E4+ALL
               E GROWTH FACTORS, ANIMAL+ALL/CT
L17
          8090 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON GROWTH FACTORS, ANIMAL+PFT, NT/CT(L)BONE?
L18
          8091 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 OR L11
          9062 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 OR BONE (3A) GROWTH FACTOR?
L19
L20
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 AND (L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8 OR L9
               OR L10) AND L19
L21
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 AND L1
L22
           500 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8 OR L9 OR L10)
L23
             8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND (L16 OR L19)
L24
            24 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?BONE?
            24 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 OR L24
L25
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:50:05 ON 21 AUG 2006
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:50:11 ON 21 AUG 2006
L26
               TRA PLU=ON L25 1- RN : 1338 TERMS
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:50:12 ON 21 AUG 2006

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L27
           1338 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L26
T<sub>2</sub>28
            234 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8 OR L9 OR L10)
L29
             43 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L27 AND L28
                D L29 RN CN SOL KWIC NTE LC 1-43
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:51:47 ON 21 AUG 2006
L30
             24 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND L29
=> d que 130
L4
             39 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON KRKFHEKHHSHRGY/SQSP
L5
              3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON KRLFKKLKFSLRKY/SQSP
L6
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON KRLFKKLLFSLRKY/SQSP
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
L7
                                                 LLLFLLKKRKKRKY/SOSP
\Gamma8
            89 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
                                                  FKCRRWQWRMKKLG/SQSP
            72 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
1,9
                                          PLU=ON GRRRRSVOWCA/SOSP
L10
            29 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
                                                  SSSKEENRIIPGGI/SQSP
L11
             4 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON BONE GROW?/CN
          6831 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BONE+PFT,NT/CT(L)(ARTIFIC? OR
L12
                CEMENT?)
          11199 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
L13
                                        PLU=ON
                                                 BONE (L) (ARTIFIC? OR CEMENT?)
L14
          11265 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                        PLU=ON
                                                 L12 OR L13
          14248 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
L15
                                         PLU=ON
                                                 L14 OR BONE (8A) (?CEMENT? OR
                GLUE?)
L16
          21876 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
                                                 BONE FORMATION+PFT/CT OR L15
L17
           8090 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                        PLU=ON
                                                 GROWTH FACTORS, ANIMAL+PFT, NT/
                CT(L)BONE?
L18
           8091 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
                                                L17 OR L11
L19
           9062 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                        PLU=ON
                                                L18 OR BONE (3A) GROWTH FACTOR?
L22
            500 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
                                                 (L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8
                OR L9 OR L10)
L23
              8 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND (L16 OR L19)
L24
             24 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?BONE?
L25
            24 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 OR L24
L26
                TRANSFER PLU=ON L25 1- RN:
                                                 1338 TERMS
L27
           1338 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L26
L28
            234 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                                 (L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8
                OR L9 OR L10)
L29
            43 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L27 AND L28
L30
            24 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND L29
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### => d 130 ibib abs hitind 1-24

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L30 ANSWER 1 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
```

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:657208 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:120430

TITLE: Fusion products of biocides including phospholipase A2

for neutralization of Cryptosporidium parvum

INVENTOR(S): Homan, Jane; Imboden, Michael; Riggs, Michael; Carryn,

Stephane; Schaefer, Deborah A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Iogenetics, USA; University of Arizona

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 111 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 844,837.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

```
KIND
    PATENT NO.
                              DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                               DATE
                       .----
                                         ______
    -----
                              _____
                              20060706 US 2005-254500
    US 2006147442
US 2005014932
                        A1
                                                                20051020
                        A1
                                         US 2004-844837
                              20050120
                                                                20040513
                                          US 2003-470841P
                                                           P 20030515
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          US 2004-620642P P 20041000
AΒ
    The present invention relates to the use of biocide (e.g., bactericidal
    enzyme) to target pathogens. In particular, the present invention
    provides biocides for use in health care (e.g., human and veterinary),
    agriculture (e.g., animal and plant production), and food processing (e.g.,
    water purification). Active portions of lactoferrin hydrolyzate, lactoferrin
    b, cathelicidin, indolicidin, \beta-defensin-2, \beta-defensin-1,
    phospholipase A2, and phosphoinositol-specific phospholipase C are shown
    to neutralize Cryptosporidium parvum sporozoites. In addition, constructs
    are provided that encode novel microorganism targeting mols. (e.g., innate
    immune receptor ligands or monoclonal antibodies), novel fusion proteins,
    and chimeric monoclonal antibodies. Monoclonal antibody biocide (e.g.,
    bactericidal enzymes) fusion proteins are produced in transgenic animals
    and cell cultures. In particular, soluble CD14, LBP (lipopolysaccharide-
    binding protein), SP-D (surfactant protein D), MBS (mannan-binding
    lectin), and monoclonal antibody 3H2 specific for GP25-200 target, are
    engineered into a retrovirus backbone for secretion as fusion
    proteins with human phospholipase A2.
INCL 424094610
CC
    10-5 (Microbial, Algal, and Fungal Biochemistry)
    Section cross-reference(s): 3
ΙT
    273398-70-2
                  896750-54-2
                               896750-55-3
                                             896750-56-4
                                                          896750-57-5
                  896750-59-7 896750-60-0 896750-61-1 896750-62-2
    896750-58-6
    896750-63-3
                  896750-64-4 896750-65-5 896750-66-6 896750-67-7
    896750-68-8 896750-69-9 896750-70-2 896750-71-3
                                                         896750-72-4
    896750-73-5
                  896750-74-6 896750-75-7 896750-76-8
                                                        896750-77-9
    896750-78-0
                  896750-79-1 896750-80-4 896750-82-6 896750-83-7
    896750-84-8
                  896750-85-9 896750-86-0 896750-87-1
                                                         896750-88-2
    896750-89-3
                  896750-90-6 896750-91-7 896750-92-8
                                                        896750-93-9
    896750-94-0
                  896750-95-1 896750-97-3 896750-98-4 896750-99-5
    896751-00-1
                  896751-01-2 896751-02-3 896751-03-4
                                                        896751-04-5
    896751-05-6
                  896751-06-7 896751-07-8 896751-08-9
                                                         896751-09-0
    896751-10-3
                  896751-11-4 896751-12-5
                                             896751-13-6
                                                          896751-14-7
    896751-15-8
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed protein sequence; fusion products of biocides including
       phospholipase A2 for neutralization of Cryptosporidium parvum)
ΙT
    88506-98-3, Defensin NP 5 (rabbit reduced)
                                                99287-06-6
                                                            99287-07-7
    99287-08-8
                104883-59-2, Pardaxin P 2 105184-54-1, Pardaxin P 1
                121798-56-9 125667-96-1 133083-15-5, Defensin R 2 (rat
    121068-88-0
    reduced) 136831-50-0 142547-17-9, Bactenecin (reduced)
    150671-04-8 150671-05-9 151896-13-8, Dermaseptin II (Phyllomedusa
     sauvagei) 151896-14-9, Dermaseptin s 3 (Phyllomedusa sauvagei)
    170867-20-6 172998-24-2, 16-36-Buforin I 183888-49-5
    194019-49-3, Misgurin 260390-09-8 397275-72-8 397275-92-2
                               397276-40-3 397276-44-7 397276-48-1
     397276-28-7
                397276-36-7
    896750-81-5
                  896750-96-2
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed sequence; fusion products of biocides including
       phospholipase A2 for neutralization of Cryptosporidium parvum)
```

L30 ANSWER 2 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

2006:494213 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:1069 Methods of immune or hematological enhancement, TITLE: inhibiting tumor formation or growth, and treating or preventing cancer Kanwar, Jagat Rakesh; Haggarty, Neill Ward; Palmano, INVENTOR(S): Kay Patricia; Krissansen, Geoffrey Wayne PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): N.Z. PCT Int. Appl., 149 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 20060526 WO 2005-NZ305 20051118 WO 2006054908 A1 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

P 20041119 US 2004-635814P The present invention relates to administration of metal ion-saturated lactoferrin, preferably bovine lactoferrin, preferably iron-saturated bovine lactoferrin, or a metal ion-saturated functional variant or fragment thereof to inhibit tumor formation or growth, maintain or improve one or both of the white blood cell count and red blood cell count, stimulate the immune system and treat or prevent cancer. The methods and medicinal uses of the invention may be carried out by employing dietary (as foods or food supplements), nutraceutical or pharmaceutical compns. Compns. useful in

the methods of the invention are also provided.

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

ΙT Neoplasm

(bone marrow; metal ion-saturated lactoferrins for immune or hematol. enhancement and treating cancer using metal ion-saturated lactoferrins and combination with other agents)

IT Angiogenesis

> Angiogenesis inhibitors Antitumor agents

Bone marrow, neoplasm Combination chemotherapy Dietary supplements Drug interactions Hematopoietic neoplasm Hemorrhage Human Immunostimulants Immunostimulation Immunotherapy Leukemia

```
Lung, neoplasm
    Lymphoma
    Mammary gland, neoplasm
    Melanoma
    Multiple myeloma
    Neoplasm
    Radiotherapy
     Skin, neoplasm
     Surgery
        (metal ion-saturated lactoferrins for immune or hematol. enhancement and
        treating cancer using metal ion-saturated lactoferrins and combination with
        other agents)
    139845-87-7, GenBank X54801
IT
                                 175829-69-3, GenBank U53857
                                                               199303-14-5,
    GenBank AAA97958 216129-25-8, GenBank AJ010930 217515-54-3, GenBank
               236383-34-9, GenBank AJ131674 240488-77-1, GenBank CAA06441
    AJ005203
     240488-78-2, GenBank CAA09407 261888-61-3, GenBank CAB53387
                                  481514-22-1, GenBank CAA55517
     481510-83-2, GenBank CAA38572
     481559-25-5, GenBank AAL40161 625326-81-0, GenBank AAP70487
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (methods of immune or hematol. enhancement, inhibiting tumor formation
        or growth, and treating or preventing cancer)
     887953-90-4 887953-91-5 887953-92-6
TT
                               887953-95-9
                                              887953-96-0
     887953-93-7
                 887953-94-8
                  887953-98-2
                                887953-99-3 887954-00-9
     887953-97-1
     887954-01-0 887954-02-1 887954-03-2
     887954-04-3 887954-05-4 887954-06-5
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed protein sequence; methods of immune or hematol. enhancement,
        inhibiting tumor formation or growth, and treating or preventing
        cancer)
                        9
                              THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L30 ANSWER 3 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                        2006:411581 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        144:474801
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                        Protein sequences of lactoferrin related peptides and
                        uses thereof
INVENTOR(S):
                        Varadhachary, Atul; Glynn, Peter; Petrak, Karel;
                        Engelmayer, Jose
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Agennix Inc., USA
                        PCT Int. Appl., 218 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                        1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
                        KIND
                               DATE
     -----
                                           -----
                        ____
                               -----
     WO 2006047744
                               20060504
                                         WO 2005-US38981
                                                                  20051026
                         A2
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ,
            LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,
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YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN,

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RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                                20060504
     US 2006094082
                          Α1
                                            US 2005-258767
                                                                    20051026
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2004-622176P
                                                                 P 20041026
     The present invention is directed to a composition consisting of a series of
     novel biol. active 33-mer peptides. The peptides comprise at least 33
     amino acids in which at least four amino acids at the C and/or N terminus
     are substituted for pos. charged amino acids, such as lysine and arginine.
     Thes biol. active pepetides can be used to treat a variety of pathol.
     conditions, for example hyperproliferative disease, respiratory disorder,
     cardiovascular disease, neurol. condition, autoimmune disorder, infectious
     disese, gastrointestinal disorder, endocrine and/or metabolism disorder,
     ocular disorder, integument disorder, pain and wound. The present
     invention comprises a pharmaceutical composition that induces modulation of the
     immune system whereby the composition stimulates production of MIP-3\alpha from
     hepatocytes. The composition can also inhibit bacterial growth as measured by
     min. inhibitory concentration
CC
     63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3, 6, 15
     Bone, disease
IT
        (fracture; protein sequences of lactoferrin related peptides and uses
        thereof)
ΙT
     AIDS (disease)
     Adenoma
     Adenoviral vectors
     Alzheimer's disease
     Anemia (disease)
     Antigen-presenting cell
     Antitumor agents
     Atherosclerosis
     Autoimmune disease
     B cell (lymphocyte)
     Bacteremia
     Bladder, neoplasm
     Blood, disease
       Bone, neoplasm
     Brain, neoplasm
     CD4-positive T cell
     CD8-positive T cell
     Cachexia
     Cardiovascular system, disease
     Chelating agents
     Chemotherapy
     Cystic fibrosis
     Dendritic cell
     Dermatomyositis
     Diabetes mellitus
     Digestive tract, disease
     Digestive tract, neoplasm
     Drug screening
     Drugs
     Dyslipidemia
     Emphysema
     Endocrine system, disease
     Eye, disease
     Gene therapy
```

Genetic vectors Glaucoma (disease) Head and Neck, neoplasm Hematopoietic neoplasm Hepatitis Human Hypertension Immune system Immunomodulators Immunostimulants Immunotherapy Infection Kidney, neoplasm Lentiviral vectors Leukemia Lung, disease Lung, neoplasm Lymphoma Macrophage Mammary gland, neoplasm Melanoma Metabolic disorders Molecular cloning Monocyte Multiple myeloma Multiple sclerosis Muscular dystrophy Mycosis Neoplasm Nervous system, disease Osteoarthritis Osteoporosis Ovary, neoplasm Pain Pancreas, neoplasm Parkinson's disease Periodontium, disease Plasmid vectors Prostate gland, neoplasm Protein sequences Psoriasis Radiotherapy Respiratory system, disease Retroviral vectors Rheumatoid arthritis Sarcoma Sepsis Septicemia Sickle cell anemia Sleep Surgery T cell (lymphocyte) Testis, neoplasm Thyroid gland, disease Tongue, neoplasm Transplant rejection Viral vectors West Nile virus Wound

(protein sequences of lactoferrin related peptides and uses thereof) IT 886088-18-2 **886088-19-3** 886088-20-6 **886088-21-7** 886088-24-0 886088-22-8 886088-23-9 886088-25-1 886088-26-2 886088-28-4 886088-27-3 886088-29-5 886088-30-8 **886088-31-9** 886088-32-0 886088-33-1 886088-35-3 886088-34-2 886088-36-4 886088-37-5 886088-38-6 886088-39-7 886088-40-0 886088-41-1 RL: PRP (Properties) (unclaimed protein sequence; protein sequences of lactoferrin related peptides and uses thereof) L30 ANSWER 4 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1253417 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:100422 Histatin and lactoferrin derived peptides: TITLE: Antimicrobial properties and effects on mammalian cells AUTHOR(S): Stallmann, Hein P.; Faber, Chris; Bronckers, Antonius L. J. J.; de Blieck-Hogervorst, Jolanda M. A.; Brouwer, Carlo P. J. M.; Amerongen, Arie V. Nieuw; Wuisman, Paul I. J. M. CORPORATE SOURCE: Orthopedic Surgery, VU Medical Center, Amsterdam, 1007 MB, Neth. Peptides (New York, NY, United States) (2005), 26(12), SOURCE: 2355-2359 CODEN: PPTDD5; ISSN: 0196-9781 Elsevier Inc. PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: In order to analyze the clin. potential of two antimicrobial peptides, AB human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11) and synthetic histatin analog Dhvar-5, the authors measured the killing effect on bacteria, and the potential toxicity on erythrocytes and bone cells. The antimicrobial activity was determined in a killing assay on six strains, including methicillin resistant Staphylococcus Aureus. The effect on human erythrocytes and MC3T3 mouse bone cells was measured with a hemolysis assay and a viability assay, resp. Both hLF1-11 and Dhvar-5dose-dependently killed all bacterial strains, starting at concns. of 6  $\mu g/mL$ . HLF1-11 had no effect on mammalian cells at concns. up to 400 μg/mL, but Dhvar-5 induced significant hemolysis (37% at 200 μg/mL) and bone cell death (70% at 400  $\mu$ g/mL). This indicates that both peptides are able to kill various resistant and nonresistant bacteria, but Dhvar-5 may exert a cytotoxic effect on host cells at higher concns. CC 1-5 (Pharmacology) 183623-03-2 230974-92-2, Dhvar-5 ΙT RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antimicrobial properties and effects on mammalian cells of histatin and lactoferrin derived peptides) REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L30 ANSWER 5 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:522069 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:56162 TITLE: Cell proliferating agents containing basic antimicrobial peptides and cell culture method using

the agents

Nikawa, Hiroki; Hamada, Taizo; Aoki, Mie; Nishimura, INVENTOR(S):

Masahiro; Tsuji, Koichiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan Science and Technology Agency, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

proliferation method using the above agents.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	. KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				<b></b>
JP 2005154	4338 A2	20050616	JP 2003-395008	20031126
PRIORITY APPLN.	. INFO.:		JP 2003-395008	20031126
			mesenchymal stem cell	
etc., cont	tain basic antim:	icrobial pe	eptides and optionally	cell growth
			is in vivo, ex vivo,	

IC ICM C07K007-08

> ICS A61P043-00; C12N005-06; A61K035-32; A61K038-00; A61P001-02; A61P031-04; C07K014-47

CC 9-11 (Biochemical Methods)

ΤТ

(alveolar bone, marrow or periosteum, mesenchymal cells from; cell proliferating agents containing basic antimicrobial peptides and optionally cell growth factors for cell culture of mesenchymal stem cells, fibroblasts, etc.)

TΤ Bone marrow

> (alveolar bone, mesenchymal cells from; cell proliferating agents containing basic antimicrobial peptides and optionally cell growth factors for cell culture of mesenchymal stem cells, fibroblasts, etc.)

TΤ Bone

(periosteum, alveolar bone, mesenchymal cells from; cell proliferating agents containing basic antimicrobial peptides and optionally cell growth factors for cell culture of mesenchymal stem cells, fibroblasts, etc.)

TΤ 106096-93-9, Basic FGF **170867-20-6** 177554-51-7 256428-00-9 438624-76-1 438624-98-7 853885-40-2 853962-33-1, beta-defesin 2 (human)

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cell proliferating agents containing basic antimicrobial peptides and optionally cell growth factors for cell culture of mesenchymal stem cells, fibroblasts, etc.)

L30 ANSWER 6 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:384782 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:353214

TITLE:

The effect of the antimicrobial peptide, Dhvar-5, on gentamicin release from a polymethyl methacrylate

bone cement

AUTHOR(S):

Faber, C.; Hoogendoorn, R. J. W.; Lyaruu, D. M.; Stallmann, H. P.; van Marle, J.; van Nieuw Amerongen,

A.; Smit, T. H.; Wuisman, P. I. J. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SKELETAL TISSUE ENGINEERING GROUP AMSTERDAM, Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, VU University Medical Center (VUmc), Vrije Universiteit, Amsterdam,

1007 MB, Neth.

SOURCE:

Biomaterials (2005), 26(28), 5717-5726

CODEN: BIMADU; ISSN: 0142-9612

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Elsevier Ltd.

Journal LANGUAGE: English

The objective of this study was to investigate the release mechanism and kinetics of the antimicrobial peptide, Dhvar-5, both alone and in combination with gentamicin, from a standard com. polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA) bone cement. Different amts. of Dhvar-5 were mixed with the bone cement powders of Osteopal and the gentamicin-containing Osteopal G bone cement and their release kinetics from the polymerized cement were investigated. Addnl., the internal structure of the bone cements were analyzed by SEM (SEM) of the fracture surfaces. Secondly, porosity was investigated with the mercury intrusion method and related to the observed release profiles. In order to obtain an insight into the mech. characteristics of the bone cement mixts., the compressive strength of Osteopal and Osteopal G with Dhvar-5 was also investigated. The total Dhvar-5 release reached 96% in the 100 mg Dhvar-5/g Osteopal cement, whereas total gentamicin release from Osteopal G reached only 18%. Total gentamicin release increased significantly to 67% with the addition of 50 mg Dhvar-5/g, but the Dhvar-5 release was not influenced. SEM showed an increase of dissolved gentamicin crystals with the addition of Dhvar-5. The mercury intrusion results suggested an increase of small pores (<0.1 µm) with the addition of Dhvar-5. Compressive strength of Osteopal was reduced by the addition of Dhvar-5 and gentamicin, but still remained above the limit prescribed by the ISO standard for clin. bone cements. We therefore conclude that the antimicrobial peptide, Dhvar-5, was released in high amts. from PMMA bone cement. When used together with gentamicin sulfate, Dhvar-5 made the gentamicin crystals accessible for the release medium presumably through increased micro-porosity (<0.1 μm) resulting in a fourfold increase of gentamicin release.

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

antimicrobial peptide Dhvar 5 gentamicin polymethyl methacrylate STbone cement

Peptides, biological studies ΙT

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antimicrobial; effect of antimicrobial peptide Dhvar-5 on gentamicin release from a polymethyl methacrylate bone cement)

IΤ Medical goods

(bone cements; effect of antimicrobial peptide Dhvar-5 on gentamicin release from a polymethyl methacrylate bone cement)

IT Compressive strength

Dissolution

Porosity

(effect of antimicrobial peptide Dhvar-5 on gentamicin release from a polymethyl methacrylate bone cement)

ΙT Antimicrobial agents

(peptide; effect of antimicrobial peptide Dhvar-5 on gentamicin release from a polymethyl methacrylate bone cement)

IT 1403-66-3, Gentamicin 9011-14-7, Polymethyl methacrylate 211431-51-5, Osteopal 230974-92-2, Dhvar-5

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(effect of antimicrobial peptide Dhvar-5 on gentamicin release from a polymethyl methacrylate bone cement)

REFERENCE COUNT:

24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

#### RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 7 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1072595 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:171820

AUTHOR(S):

TITLE: Enhancement of endotoxin neutralization by coupling of

a C12-alkyl chain to a lactoferricin-derived peptide Andrae, Joerg; Lohner, Karl; Blondelle, Sylvie E.;

Jerala, Roman; Moriyon, Ignacio; Koch, Michel H. J.; Garidel, Patrick; Brandenburg, Klaus

CORPORATE SOURCE: Research Center Borstel, Division of Biophysics,

Leibniz-Center for Medicine and Biosciences, Borstel,

D-23845, Germany

SOURCE: Biochemical Journal (2005), 385(1), 135-143

CODEN: BIJOAK; ISSN: 0264-6021

PUBLISHER: Portland Press Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Antibacterial peptide acylation, which mimics the structure of the natural lipopeptide polymyxin B, increases antimicrobial and endotoxinneutralizing activities. The interaction of the lactoferricin-derived peptide LF11 and its N-terminally acylated analog, lauryl-LF11, with different chemotypes of bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS Re, Ra and smooth S form) was investigated by blophys. means and was related to the peptides' biol. activities. Both peptides exhibit high antibacterial activity against the three strains of Salmonella enterica differing in the LPS chemotype. Lauryl-LF11 has one order of magnitude higher activity against Re-type, but activity against Ra- and S-type bacteria is comparable with that of LF11. The alkyl derivative peptide lauryl-LF11 shows a much stronger inhibition of the LPS-induced cytokine induction in human mononuclear cells than LF11. Although peptide-LPS interaction is essentially of electrostatic nature, the lauryl-modified peptide displays a strong hydrophobic component. Such a feature might then explain the fact that saturation of the peptide binding takes place at a much lower peptide/LPS ratio for LF11 than for lauryl-LF11, and that an overcompensation of the neg. LPS backbone charges is observed for lauryl-LF11. The influence of LF11 on the gel-to-liquid-crystalline phase-transition of LPS is negligible for LPS Re, but clearly fluidizing for LPS Ra. In contrast, lauryl-LF11 causes a cholesterol-like effect in the two chemotypes, fluidizing in the gel and rigidification of the hydrocarbon chains in the liquid-crystalline phase. Both peptides convert the mixed unilamellar/non-lamellar aggregate structure of lipid A, the endotoxic principle' of LPS, into a multilamellar one. These data contribute to the understanding of the mechanisms of the peptide-mediated neutralization of endotoxin and effect of lipid modification of peptides.

CC 6-7 (General Biochemistry)
IT **146897-68-9**, Lactoferricin

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (addition of hydrophobic C12 acyl chain to human lactoferricin-derived peptide promotes enhanced neutralization of S. enterica Re-type LPS endotoxin)

REFERENCE COUNT: 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1070044 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:169087

TITLE: In vivo comparison of Dhvar-5 and gentamicin in an

MRSA osteomyelitis prevention model

AUTHOR(S): Faber, Christopher; Hoogendoorn, Roel J. W.;

Stallmann, Hein P.; Lyaruu, D. M.; van Nieuw

Amerongen, Arie; Wuisman, Paul I. J. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, VU University

Medical Center, Amsterdam, 1007 MB, Neth. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy (2004), 54(6),

1078-1084

CODEN: JACHDX; ISSN: 0305-7453

PUBLISHER: Oxford University Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The continued rise in drug-resistant pathogens has led to global research efforts into new antimicrobial agents. A promising class of new agents are the antimicrobial peptides. The aim of the study was to investigate the efficacy of the antimicrobial peptide Dhvar-5 in a prophylactic, methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) osteomyelitis model. Dhvar-5 (12 mg or 24 mg/rabbit) was incorporated into polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA) beads as a local drug delivery system. For comparison, plain beads (control) and beads containing gentamicin as a sulfate (10 mg or 24 mg per rabbit) were also prepared The beads were inserted into the inoculated femoral cavity of 36 rabbits, and 1 wk later they were killed. The presence and severity of MRSA osteomyelitis was assessed by culture and histol. Both the 24 mg Dhvar-5 beads and the 24 mg gentamicin sulfate beads significantly reduced the bacterial load of the inoculated femora compared with the control chain. Although a 24 mg Dhvar-5 dose inhibited MRSA growth, it did not completely sterilize the femora. Sterilization occurred only in some of the gentamicin-treated specimens. The authors conclude that both the gentamicin beads and the Dhvar-5 beads were only partially effective at preventing MRSA infection in this model. 1-5 (Pharmacology) CC

Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT Bone

REFERENCE COUNT:

SOURCE:

(femur; in vivo comparison of Dhvar-5 and gentamicin released from implanted beads in methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus osteomyelitis prevention model)

IT 1405-41-0, Gentamicin sulfate 230974-92-2, Dhvar-5

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in vivo comparison of Dhvar-5 and gentamicin released from implanted beads in methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus osteomyelitis prevention model)

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 9 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:721139 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:235763

TITLE: Osteomyelitis prevention in rabbits using

antimicrobial peptide hLF1-11- or gentamicin-

containing calcium phosphate cement

AUTHOR(S): Stallmann, Hein P.; Faber, Christopher; Bronckers,

Antonius L. J. J.; Amerongen, Arie V. Nieuw; Wuisman,

THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

Paul I. J. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, VU University

Medical Center, Amsterdam, 1007 MB, Neth.

SOURCE: Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy (2004), 54(2),

472-476

CODEN: JACHDX; ISSN: 0305-7453

PUBLISHER: Oxford University Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The efficacy of prophylactic treatment with human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11), a broad-spectrum antimicrobial peptide, was studied in a rabbit model of femur infection. Calcium phosphate cement with 50 mg/g hLF1-11 or gentamicin was injected into the femoral canal, after inoculation with Staphylococcus aureus. Three weeks later, slices of the proximal femora were sawn for quant. bacterial culture and histol. Treatment with hLF1-11 (P < 0.038) or gentamicin (P < 0.008) caused a reduction of cfu compared with the untreated control rabbits. The number of sterile cultures was higher in hLF1-11- (3/7) and gentamicin- (5/6) treated animals than in controls (1/7). Radiol. and histol. anal. showed early bone ingrowth into the cement cracks, and only moderate pathol. changes in rabbits with pos. cultures. Local prophylaxis with hLF1-11 effectively reduced development of osteomyelitis in a rabbit model, but gentamicin resulted in a larger number of sterile femora.

CC 1-5 (Pharmacology)

IT 1403-66-3, Gentamicin 183623-03-2

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(osteomyelitis prevention using antimicrobial peptide hLF1-11- or gentamicin-containing calcium phosphate cement)

REFERENCÉ COUNT:

SOURCE:

THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 10 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:710367 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:222266

TITLE: pH Sensing by the Calcium-sensing Receptor AUTHOR(S): Quinn, Stephen J.; Bai, Mei; Brown, Edward M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Endocrinology, Diabetes, and Hypertension,

Department of Medicine, Brigham and Women's Hospital,

Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, 02115, USA Journal of Biological Chemistry (2004), 279(36),

37241-37249

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The calcium-sensing receptor (CaR) is activated by small changes in the AΒ ionic extracellular calcium concentration (Cao) within the physiol. range, allowing the parathyroid gland to regulate serum Cao; however, the CaR is also distributed in a number of other tissues where it may sense other endogenous agonists and modulators. CaR agonists are polycationic mols., and our previous studies suggest that charged residues in the extracellular domain of the CaR are critical for receptor activation through electrostatic interactions. Therefore, pH could also potentially modulate CaR activation by its polycationic agonists. Changes in the concentration of extracellular H+ substantially altered the activation of the CaR by Cao and other CaR agonists. The effects of external pH on the CaR's sensitivity to its agonists were observed for both acidic and basic deviations from physiol. pH of 7.4, with increases in pH rendering the receptor more sensitive to activation by Cao and decreases in pH producing the converse effect. At pH values more acidic than 5.5, CaR sensitivity to its agonists showed some recovery. Changes in the intracellular pH could not account for the effects of external pH on CaR sensitivity to its agonists. Other G-protein-coupled receptors, which are endogenously expressed in human embryonic kidney 293 cells, showed little change in

activity with alterations in external pH or effects opposite those found for the CaR. Extracellular pH directly alters the CaR in the case of Cao and Mgo activation; however, the charges on many organic and inorg. agonists are pH-dependent. Activating CaR mutations show reduced pHo modulation, suggesting a mol. mechanism for increased CaR activity at physiol. pHo. Several CaR-expressing tissues, including regions of the stomach, the kidney, bone, and the brain, could potentially use the CaR as a sensor for pH and acid-base status.

CC 13-2 (Mammalian Biochemistry)

TT 71-44-3, Spermine 1404-04-2, Neomycin 7429-90-5, Aluminum, biological studies 7439-95-4, Magnesium, biological studies 7440-54-2, Gadolinium, biological studies 115966-68-2, Histatin 5
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(effect of pH on activation of calcium-sensing receptor by polyvalent cations and polycationic agonists)

REFERENCE COUNT:

34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 11 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:606586 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:134694

TITLE:

Method for the use of biomarkers responsive to epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) modulation in

the evaluation of cancer treatment with EGFR

modulators

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Amler, Lukas C.; Januario, Thomas Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 520 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.				KIN	D	DATE APPLICATION NO.						NO.	DATE						
						A2 C1		2004								20040108				
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,		
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,		
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,		
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ				
	CA 2512536				AA		2004	0729	29 CA 2004-2512536						20040108					
	EP 1597558				A2		20051123 EP 2004-700860						20040108							
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,		
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:										US 2003-438735P					P 20030108					
										1	WO 2004-US368					W 20040108				
7 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D						~ -														

AB EGFR biomarkers useful in a method for identifying a mammal that will respond therapeutically to a method of treating cancer comprising administering an EGFR modulator, wherein the method comprises (a) exposing the mammal to the EGFR modulator and (b) measuring in the mammal level of at least one biomarker, wherein a difference in the level in at least one biomarker measured in (b) compared to the level of the biomarker in a mammal that has not been exposed to the EGFR modulator indicates that the mammal will respond therapeutically to the method of treating cancer.

IC ICM G01N

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

```
Section cross-reference(s): 1
ΙT
    Bone morphogenetic protein 2
    CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator)
     EST (expressed sequence tag)
     RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (method for use of biomarkers responsive to epidermal growth factor
       receptor (EGFR) modulation in evaluation of cancer treatment with EGFR
       modulators)
IT
    724913-10-4
                 724913-13-7, Bone morphogenic protein 2 (human)
     724913-15-9, Brain-specific protein p25\alpha (human) 724913-17-1
                                                     724913-23-9, Proteinase,
    724913-19-3, Protein BTG2 (human) 724913-21-7
     FLICE2 (human)
                     724913-25-1, RNA-binding protein 2 (human)
     724913-27-3, Proteinase inhibitor, cystatin S (human)
    724913-29-5 724913-31-9 724913-33-1, Peptidase, dipeptidyl, IV (human)
                                             724913-45-5, G protein-coupled
     724913-37-5
                  724913-41-1 724913-43-3
     receptor 49 (human) 724913-47-7, Protein hairless mouse homolog (human)
     724913-49-9, Hemoglobin \alpha1 (human) 724913-52-4, Heparanase (human)
     724913-54-6 724913-56-8, HERV-H LTR-associating 2 (human) 724913-60-4,
     Protein FLJ20048 (human) 724913-62-6, Protein FLJ20075 (human)
    724913-66-0, Matrilin 3 (human) 724913-68-2, Metastasis-associated
     1-like 1 (human)
                       724913-70-6
                                    724913-72-8, Mucin 3B (human)
     724913-74-0
                 724913-76-2, Myosin light polypeptide 5 (human)
                  724913-80-8 724913-82-0 724913-84-2 724913-86-4,
     724913-78-4
     Phosducin (human)
                       724913-88-6, Phosphatase and tensin homolog (human)
     724913-90-0, Potassium channel TWIK (human)
                                                 724913-92-2
                                                               724913-94-4
     724913-98-8 724914-00-5, Ribonuclease A family 1 (human)
                                                               724914-02-7
     724914-05-0 724914-07-2
                               724914-09-4 724914-11-8, Zinc finger protein
     137 (human) 724914-14-1, Regenerating gene type IV (human) 724914-18-5
     724914-23-2, KIAA1190 (human unordered fragment) 724914-25-4, KIAA1543
             724914-35-6 724914-55-0, PAC clone RP5-855D21 (human)
     724914-56-1, PAC clone RP5-855D21 (human) 724914-57-2, PAC clone
     RP5-855D21 (human)
     RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (amino acid sequence; method for use of biomarkers responsive to
       epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) modulation in evaluation of
       cancer treatment with EGFR modulators)
L30 ANSWER 12 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       2003:951061 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        140:26964
                        Use of the lantibiotic transport system to secrete
TITLE:
                        foreign proteins into culture medium for purification
                        Moll, Gert Nikolaas; Leenhouts, Cornelis Johannes;
INVENTOR(S):
                        Kuipers, Oscar Paul; Driessen, Arnold Jacob Mathieu
                        Applied Nanosystems B.V., Neth.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                               DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                                                                 DATE
                      KIND
                       ____
                                          -----
                                                                 _____
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    WO 2003099862 A1 20031204
WO 2003099862 C1 20040311
                                        WO 2003-NL389
                                                                 20030526
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
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GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,

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LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
             TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2004009550
                                20040115
                                           US 2003-360101
                          Α1
                                                                   20030207
     US 6861236
                          В2
                                20050301
     CA 2487351
                          AA
                                20031204
                                            CA 2003-2487351
                                                                   20030526
     AU 2003238714
                          A1
                                20031212
                                            AU 2003-238714
                                                                   20030526
     EP 1507798
                          A1
                                20050223
                                            EP 2003-733622
                                                                   20030526
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
                                            CN 2003-817698
                                                                   20030526
     CN 1671737
                          Α
                                20050921
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            EP 2002-77060
                                                                A 20020524
                                            US 2003-360101
                                                                A 20030207
                                            WO 2003-NL389
                                                                W
                                                                   20030526
     Methods of using the mechanisms involved in the secretion of lantibiotics
AB
     to secrete foreign proteins from lantibiotic-producing hosts is described.
     The method can also be used to secrete lantibiotics before they have
     undergone post-translational modification, such as dehydration of a serine
     or a threonine, and/or thioether bridge formation, or to increase the
     efficiency of secretion of fully processed lantibiotics. A Lactococcus
     lactis strain lacking the entire nisin A biosynthetic gene cluster was
     transformed with a plasmid carrying the nisin A structural gene nisA and
     the transport protein nisT. This transgenic strain efficiently secreted
     the unmodified nisin A protein, indicating that lanT was sufficient to
     export the protein. Use of the signal peptide to direct secretion of an
     angiotensin variant is demonstrated. Use of the transport protein, the
     lantibiotic signal peptide, and the lantibiotic-modifying dehydrases and
     cyclases to manufacture novel variants of peptide hormones with modified amino
     is also demonstrated.
IC
     ICM C07K014-315
     16-1 (Fermentation and Bioindustrial Chemistry)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 3, 10
IT
     Bone morphogenetic proteins
     RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (BMP7, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs., secretory manufacture of;
use
        of lantibiotic transport system to secrete foreign proteins into
        culture medium for purification)
ΙT
     50-56-6DP, Oxytocin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                                       58-82-2DP,
     Bradykinin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 69-25-0DP, Eledoisin,
     fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 1393-25-5DP, Secretin, fragments,
                                     1393-34-6DP, Streptin, fusion peptides
     lanthionine-containing derivs.
     1393-38-ODP, Subtilin, fusion peptides 1407-47-2P, Angiotensin
                                                                        9000-94-6DP,
     8001-27-2DP, Hirudin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
     Antithrombin III, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9001-05-2DP,
                                                           9001-09-6DP,
     Catalase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                              9001-25-6DP,
     Chymopapain, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
     Blood-coagulation factor VII, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
     9001-26-7DP, Prothrombin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
     9001-29-0DP, Factor X, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
     9001-57-4DP, Invertase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
```

9001-63-2DP, Lysozyme, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9001-75-6DP, Pepsin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.

Plasminogen, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.

9001-91-6DP,

9002-01-1DP,

Streptokinase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9002-60-2DP, Adrenocorticotropic hormone, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9002-61-3DP, Chorionic gonadotropin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9002-64-6DP, Parathormone, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9002-68-0DP, Follitropin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9002-71-5DP, Thyrotropin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9002-72-6DP, Somatotropin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9004-07-3DP, Chymotrypsin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9007-12-9DP, 9004-10-8DP, Insulin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. Calcitonin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9007-92-5P, Glucagon, 9011-97-6DP, Cholecystokinin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9012-54-8DP, Cellulase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9015-68-3DP, Asparaginase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9015-71-8DP, Corticotropin Releasing Factor, fragments, lanthionine-containing 9025-35-8DP, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9034-39-3DP, Somatoliberin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9034-40-6DP, Luteinizing Hormone Releasing Hormone, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9039-53-6DP, Urokinase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 9041-90-1DP, Angiotensin I, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 11000-17-2P, Vasopressin 11096-26-7DP, Erythropoietin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 14636-12-5DP, Terlipressin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 24305-27-9DP, Protirelin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 29705-92-8DP, Experimental allergenic encephalitogenic peptide, fragments, 37228-64-1DP, Glucosylceramidase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 37231-28-ODP, Melittin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 37326-33-3DP, Hyaluronidase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. lanthionine-containing derivs. 37340-82-2DP, Streptodornase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 52906-92-0DP, Motilin, fragments, 53714-56-0DP, Leuprolide, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 55068-79-6DP, Bombinin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 58569-55-4DP, Metenkephalin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 58822-25-6DP, Leuenkephalin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. lanthionine-containing derivs. 59233-00-0DP, Big gastrin I, fragments, 59392-49-3DP, Gastric Inhibitory Polypeptide, lanthionine-containing derivs. 60617-12-1DP,  $\beta$ -Endorphin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 60880-63-9DP, Anthopleurin-A, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 61512-76-3DP,  $\alpha$ -Endorphin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 62031-54-3DP, Fibroblast growth factor, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 65323-99-1DP, Staphylococcin C55, fusion peptides 66796-54-1DP, Proopiomelanocortin, 67775-30-8DP, Streptococcin-Afragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 69431-45-4DP, Delta sleep inducing peptide, FF22, fusion peptides fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 72093-21-1DP, Mastoparan, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 75976-10-2DP, Human pancreatic polypeptide, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 80043-53-4DP, Gastrin Releasing Peptide, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 80451-05-4DP, 82785-45-3DP, Cecropin B, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. Neuropeptide Y, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. Small Cardioactive peptide B, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 84931-86-2DP, Pep-5, fusion peptides 85637-73-6DP, Atrial Natriuretic 86168-78-7DP, Sermorelin, Factor, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 93438-37-0DP, Helospectin I, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 95751-30-7DP, Charybdotoxin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 95918-56-2DP, Urotensin II, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 96477-38-2DP, MutacinII, fusion 98035-79-1DP, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs. 99165-17-0DP, Epidermin, fusion peptides 102714-10-3DP, Gonadotropin releasing hormone II, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.

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103220-14-0DP, Defensin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
104052-00-8DP, Leucopyrokinin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
104600-89-7DP, Leucokinin I, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
105857-23-6DP, Alteplase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
106096-92-8DP, Acidic fibroblast growth factor, fragments,
                                106096-93-9DP, Basic fibroblast growth
lanthionine-containing derivs.
factor, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                    106388-42-5DP, Peptide YY,
                                            107231-12-9DP, Botulin, fragments,
fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                108433-99-4DP, Magainin-1, fragments,
lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                 110655-58-8DP, Cinnamycin, fusion peptides
lanthionine-containing derivs.
111317-91-0DP, Conopressin G, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
114471-18-ODP, Brain Natriuretic Peptide, fragments, lanthionine-containing
derivs. 115966-68-2DP, Histatin-5, fragments, lanthionine-containing
          117978-77-5DP, Gallidermin, fusion peptides
                                                       118231-04-2P,
Tachyplesin I
               120647-41-8DP, CIS-pressin, fragments, lanthionine-containing
          121181-53-1DP, Filgrastim, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
122462-75-3DP, Big Endothelin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
122984-73-0DP, Corazonin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
123209-95-0DP, Allatostatin 7 (Diploptera punctata), fragments,
lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                123423-09-6DP, Cerebellin, fragments,
lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                 123938-89-6DP, \alpha-Conotoxin, fragments,
                                 124861-55-8DP, TIMP-2, fragments,
lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                125387-34-0DP, Lactocin-S, fusion peptides
lanthionine-containing derivs.
125805-20-1DP, LHRH I, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
127830-04-0DP, C-Type Natriuretic peptide, fragments, lanthionine-containing
         128104-18-7DP, Mersacidin, fusion peptides
                                                       130391-54-7DP,
Exendin-3, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                       136212-91-4DP,
Dermaseptin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                         137061-46-2DP, Nisin
                   137061-48-4DP, Pituitary adenylate cyclase activating
Z, fusion peptides
polypeptide, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                         138068-37-8DP,
Lepirudin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                       140896-21-5DP,
Indolicidin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                         141732-76-5DP,
Exendin-4, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                       143003-46-7DP,
Alglucerase, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                                         144637-68-3DP,
\alpha	ext{-Dendrotoxin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.}
144940-98-7DP, Guanylin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
146479-72-3DP, Follitropin beta, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
150671-04-8DP, Ceratotoxin A, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
150952-06-0DP, Salivaricin-A, fusion peptides
                                                152923-57-4DP, Lutropin,
                                            154248-97-2DP, Imiglucerase,
fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                            154835-90-2DP, Adrenomedullin,
fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
                                            161172-48-1DP, Epilancin-K7,
fusion peptides
                  165101-51-9DP, Becaplermin, fragments,
lanthionine-containing derivs. 180845-52-7DP, Lacticin-481, fusion peptides
185243-69-ODP, Etanercept, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
193830-48-7DP, Urocortin, fragments, lanthionine-containing derivs.
207410-26-2DP, Sublancin 168, fusion peptides
                                               213971-75-6DP, Lacticin
3147 precursor peptide LtnAl (Lactococcus lactis lactis), fusion peptides
213971-76-7DP, Lacticin 3147 precursor peptide LtnA2 (Lactococcus lactis
lactis), fusion peptides 214975-70-9DP, Epicidin-280, fusion peptides
220285-65-4DP, Staphylococcin C55α, fusion peptides
                                                      240125-67-1DP,
Butyrivibriocin OR 79A, fusion peptides
                                         250582-41-3DP, Mutacin III,
fusion peptides
                  309245-28-1P
                                 338386-18-8DP, Variacin leader peptide,
fusion peptides
                  341006-50-6DP, Plantaricin W \beta peptide
(Lactobacillus plantarum strain LMG 2379, fusion peptides
Plantaricin W .\alpha. peptide (Lactobacillus plantarum strain LMG 2379,
                  374560-73-3DP, Ruminococcin A, fusion peptides
fusion peptides
632287-49-1DP, fusion peptides
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
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(Preparation)
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(secretory manufacture of; use of lantibiotic transport system to secrete foreign proteins into culture medium for purification)

REFERENCE COUNT:

11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 13 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:931518 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:689

TITLE:

Genes showing altered patterns of expression in response to inhibition of tyrosine kinases and their

use in screening kinase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Morimoto, Alyssa; Deprimo, Samuel; O'Farrell,

Anne-Marie; Smolich, Beverly D.; Manning, William C.;

Walter, Sarah A.; Schilling, James Walter, Jr.;

Cherrington, Julie

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Sugen, Inc., USA

PCT Int. Appl., 408 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

r: 1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.					D	DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO	WO 2003097854			A2	A2 20031127			WO 2003-US15711						20030519				
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	ΝI,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	
		PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	
		TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	zw						
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ΤZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG	
AU 2003233576				A1 20031202 AU 2003-233576								20030519						
US 2004018528					A1		2004	40129 US 2003-440464							20030519			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:							US 2002-380872P						]	P 20020517				
								US 2003-448874P					]	P 20030224				
								i	US 2	003-	4489	22P	]	P 2	0030	224		
								Ţ	WO 2	003-1	US15	711	Ī	W 2	0030.	519		

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:689

AB Genes that are regulated by tyrosine kinase-dependent signal transduction pathways are identified as markers for the screening of inhibitors of kinase activity. The change in levels of either the protein or mRNA in a suitable test system may be used to assess the effectiveness of a test compound as an inhibitor of a tyrosine kinase activity. The invention also relates to novel methods, wherein a change in the level of at least one biomarker in a mammal exposed to a compound, compared to the level of the biomarker(s) in a mammal that has not been exposed to the compound, indicates whether the mammal is being exposed to, or is experiencing or will experience a therapeutic or toxic effect in response to, a compound that inhibit tyrosine kinase activity.

- IC ICM C12Q
- CC 1-1 (Pharmacology)
  - Section cross-reference(s): 3, 7, 13
- IT Blood

```
Blood analysis
    Blood plasma
      Bone marrow
    Monocyte
    Neoplasm
    Saliva
    Skin
    Urine
    Urine analysis
        (gene expression profiles in; genes showing altered patterns of
       expression in response to inhibition of tyrosine kinases and their use
        in screening kinase inhibitors)
     627915-55-3
                  627915-57-5
                                627915-59-7
                                              627915-61-1
                                                            627915-63-3
IT
     627915-66-6
                  627915-68-8
                                627915-70-2 627915-71-3
                                                            627915-72-4
     627915-73-5
                 627915-74-6
                                627915-75-7 627916-25-0
                                                            627916-27-2
                                627916-76-1 627916-77-2
     627916-29-4
                  627916-75-0
                                                            627916-78-3
                                627916-81-8 627916-82-9
     627916-79-4
                  627916-80-7
                                                            627916-83-0
                                627916-86-3 627916-87-4
     627916-84-1
                  627916-85-2
                                                            627916-88-5
     627916-89-6 627916-90-9 627916-91-0 627916-92-1
                                                            627916-93-2
     627916-95-4 627916-97-6 627917-00-4 627917-02-6
                                                            627917-12-8
     627917-04-8
                627917-06-0 627917-08-2 627917-10-6
     627917-14-0 627917-16-2
                                627917-18-4 627917-20-8
                                                            627917-23-1
     627917-25-3
                  627917-27-5
                                627917-29-7
                                              627917-31-1
                                                            627917-33-3
     627917-35-5
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed protein sequence; genes showing altered patterns of
        expression in response to inhibition of tyrosine kinases and their use
        in screening kinase inhibitors)
L30 ANSWER 14 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2003:883777 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        141:42750
                        Continuous-release or burst-release of the
TITLE:
                        antimicrobial peptide human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11)
                        from calcium phosphate bone substitutes
                        Stallmann, Hein P.; Faber, Christopher; Slotema,
AUTHOR(S):
                        Eveline T.; Lyaruu, D. M.; Bronckers, Antonius L. J.
                        J.; Amerongen, Arie V. Nieuw; Wuisman, Paul I. J. M.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Department of Orthopaedic Surgery/VU University
                        Medical Center, Amsterdam, 1007 MB, Neth.
SOURCE:
                        Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy (2003), 52(5),
                        853-855
                        CODEN: JACHDX; ISSN: 0305-7453
PUBLISHER:
                        Oxford University Press
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
     In order to identify possible drug delivery systems against resistant
    bone infection, we determined the release of the antimicrobial peptide
     (AMP) human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11) from com. available bone
     substitutes. We combined six calcium phosphate cements and six
     granule-types with 5 mg/g hLF1-11 and measured its availability and
     release in vitro from cements (7 days) and granules (3 days).
     The integrity and antimicrobial activity of the hLF1-11 that was released
     during the first 24 h were measured, using mass spectrometry, and a
     killing assay on methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA). Most
     of the cements showed burst release followed by low-level
```

continuous release, whereas the coated granules showed high burst release for 24 h. After release the peptide was active (in nine of 12 materials) and intact. Different release profiles may be obtained by choosing the

appropriate carrier, which supports the feasibility of biodegradable carriers releasing AMPs against resistant infections. CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 1 STantimicrobial lactoferrin hLF111 artificial bone cement ΤТ Bone (artificial; continuous-release or burst-release of antimicrobial peptide human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11) from calcium phosphate bone substitutes) ΙT Medical goods (bone cements; continuous-release or burst-release of antimicrobial peptide human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11) from calcium phosphate bone substitutes) Antimicrobial agents ITDissolution (continuous-release or burst-release of antimicrobial peptide human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11) from calcium phosphate bone substitutes) ITLactoferrins RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (continuous-release or burst-release of antimicrobial peptide human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11) from calcium phosphate bone substitutes) IT Drug delivery systems (granules; continuous-release or burst-release of antimicrobial peptide human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11) from calcium phosphate bone substitutes) 7758-87-4 TΤ RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Calcibon, Allogran-R, Vitoss; continuous-release or burst-release of antimicrobial peptide human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11) from calcium phosphate bone substitutes) 1338-69-8, Biosorb 60327-90-4, Biofil 183623-03-2 443694-70-0, Norian SRS 358644-55-0, Biobon 501120-52-1, **Bonesave** 702667-72-9, Bonesource Bicalphos 720712-63-0, Chronos Inject RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (continuous-release or burst-release of antimicrobial peptide human lactoferrin 1-11 (hLF1-11) from calcium phosphate bone substitutes) REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L30 ANSWER 15 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:404367 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:82103 TITLE: Release of antimicrobial peptide Dhvar-5 from polymethyl methacrylate beads Faber, C.; Stallmann, H. P.; Lyaruu, D. M.; de Blieck, AUTHOR(S): J. M. A.; Bervoets, Th. J. M.; van Nieuw Amerongen, A.; Wuisman, P. I. J. M. CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, Vrije Universiteit Medical Center, Amsterdam, Neth. SOURCE: Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy (2003), 51(6), 1359-1364

CODEN: JACHDX; ISSN: 0305-7453

PUBLISHER:

Oxford University Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

Osteomyelitis is still a major cause of morbidity and remains a difficult complication to treat in orthopedic surgery. The treatment of choice is a combination of systemic and local antibiotics. The insertion of gentamicin-loaded polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA) beads into the bone results in high local concns. of gentamicin and low systemic concns. However, the effectiveness of this treatment is being hampered by the emergence of antimicrobial resistance. New antimicrobial agents are therefore needed. One new class of promising antibiotics is antimicrobial peptides (AMP). Derived from natural human peptides, these have a low tendency to induce antimicrobial resistance. Dhvar-5 is an antimicrobial peptide based on histatin-5, which is found in human saliva and consists of 14 amino acids. It has demonstrated bactericidal activity in vitro. In order to develop a new local treatment using Dhvar-5 for osteomyelitis, we investigated its release from PMMA beads and its antimicrobial activity against a clin. isolate of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) before and after release from PMMA beads. Specific amts. of Dhvar-5 were incorporated into PMMA mini beads, containing 120, 600 and 1200 μg of Dhvar-5, resp. Dhvar-5 was released from the beads in all three groups. Total release from the 120  $\mu g$  beads was 9  $\mu g$  per bead after  $\overline{7}$  days. However, the release per bead in the 600 and 1200  $\mu g$  beads was far more, resp., 416 and 1091  $\mu g$  over a 28 day period. After release, the Dhvar-5 also retained its antimicrobial activity against MRSA. On the basis of these data we conclude that the amount of Dhvar-5 release from PMMA beads is not proportionate to the amount incorporated; instead, it demonstrated an exponential relationship to the amount of total peptide released. Furthermore, the released peptide remained biol. active against

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

a clin. isolate of MRSA.

IT Medical goods

(bone cements; release of antimicrobial peptide Dhvar-5 from polymethyl methacrylate beads)

IT 230974-92-2, Dhvar-5

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(release of antimicrobial peptide Dhvar-5 from polymethyl methacrylate beads)

REFERENCE COUNT:

32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 16 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:242121 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:266934

TITLE:

Nucleic acid and polypeptide compositions and methods

for the diagnosis and treatment of tumor

INVENTOR(S):

Frantz, Gretchen; Hillan, Kenneth J.; Phillips, Heidi S.; Polakis, Paul; Spencer, Susan D.; Williams, P.

Mickey; Wu, Thomas D.; Zhang, Zemin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Genentech, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 285 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

148

PATENT INFORMATION:

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AΒ Various cellular polypeptides and their encoding nucleic acids are identified which are expressed to a greater degree on the cell surface by one or more types of cancer cell(s) as compared to on the surface of or by one or more types of normal non-cancer cells. Alternatively, such polypeptides are expressed by cells which produce and/or secrete polypeptides having a potentiating or growth-enhancing effect on cancer cells. Again alternatively, such polypeptides may not be overexpressed by tumor cells as compared to normal cells of the same tissue type, but rather may be specifically expressed by both tumor cells and normal cells of only a single or very limited number of tissue types. All of the above polypeptides are referred to as Tumor-associated Antigenic Target polypeptides ("TAT" polypeptides) and are expected to serve as effective targets for cancer therapy and diagnosis in mammals. Thus, a proprietary database containing gene expression information (GeneExpress, Gene Logic Inc.) was analyzed to identify 60 polypeptides (and their encoding nucleic acids) whose expression is significantly up-regulated in a particular tumor tissue(s) of interest as compared to other tumor(s) and/or normal tissues. Verification and anal. of differential TAT polypeptide expression is achieved by microarray anal. and GEPIS (gene expression profiling in silico).

IC ICM A61K

CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 6, 9, 14, 63

IT Bone, neoplasm
Brain, neoplasm
Esophagus, neoplasm
Gallbladder, neoplasm
Gene expression profiles, animal
Human
Kidney, neoplasm
Liver, neoplasm

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        (nucleic acid and polypeptide compns. and methods for the diagnosis and
        treatment of tumor)
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        for the diagnosis and treatment of tumor)
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L30 ANSWER 17 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:591671 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:145637

TITLE:

Novel bone cement containing

bone growth factor and

antimicrobial agent

INVENTOR(S):

Burger, Elisabeth Henriette

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Am-Pharma B.V., Neth. Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

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         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
             CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 1359946
                                20031112
                                            EP 2002-710818
                          Α1
                                                                    20020129
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                                             JP 2002-560694
     JP 2004517700
                          Т2
                                20040617
                                                                    20020129
     US 2004131678
                          A1
                                20040708
                                             US 2003-627314
                                                                    20030725
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             EP 2001-200363
                                                                 A 20010201
                                             WO 2002-EP947
                                                                 W 20020129
     A water-based bone substitute for in vivo implantation,
AB
     promoting bone tissue growth in situ comprises bone
     substitute material, a slow release bone growth
     factor and a fast release antimicrobial agent. Further, a kit and
     a method for the preparation of the bone substitute is disclosed.
     For example, 1 mg antimicrobial peptide DHVAR-5 (LLLFLLKKRKKRKY, Seq ID No
     4) was mixed with 1 g Biobon cement powder. The transforming
     growth factor-\beta (TGF\beta) was suspended in a solution of 0.2% serum
     albumin in 4 mM HCl, at 1 \mug TGF\beta/mL solution, forming the first aqueous
     medium. This suspension was mixed with an equal volume of a second aqueous
     medium, comprising 4% Na2HPO4. Both first and second media were combined
     and mixed. One gram of the dry component, DHVAR-5 enriched cement
     powder, was mixed with 0.8 mL of the liquid component, TGF\beta enriched
     cement liquid to give a moldable paste that hardens within 5 min.
     The bone substitute obtained comprised 1 mg antimicrobial
     peptide and 0.4 \mug TGF\beta per 1 g
                                       cement.
IC
     ICM A61L024-00
     ICS A61L027-54
CC
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
     growth factor antimicrobial peptide bone
ST
     cement
ΙT
     Bone
        (artificial; bone cement containing
        growth factor and peptide antimicrobial agent)
ΙT
     Proteins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (blood, carriers; bone cement containing growth
        factor and peptide antimicrobial agent)
IΤ
     Antimicrobial agents
       Bone formation
     Human
     Protein sequences
        (bone cement containing growth factor
        and peptide antimicrobial agent)
ΙT
     Growth factors, animal
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (bone cement containing growth factor
        and peptide antimicrobial agent)
IΤ
     Medical goods
        (bone cements; bone cement
        containing growth factor and peptide antimicrobial
IT
     Proteins
```

```
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carriers; bone cement containing growth
        factor and peptide antimicrobial agent)
     Dissolution
ΤТ
        (of bone growth factor and peptide;
       bone cement containing growth factor
        and peptide antimicrobial agent)
IT
     Osteomyelitis
        (prevention of; bone cement containing growth
        factor and peptide antimicrobial agent)
IT
     Albumins, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (serum, carriers; bone cement containing growth
        factor and peptide antimicrobial agent)
IT
     Transforming growth factors
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (β-; bone cement containing growth
        factor and peptide antimicrobial agent)
     7558-79-4, Disodium phosphate 155113-11-4 183623-03-2
TT
     220126-74-9 223762-50-3 230974-91-1
     230974-92-2, DHVAR-5 252209-80-6
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (bone cement containing growth factor
        and peptide antimicrobial agent)
     358644-55-0, Biobon
ΙT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cement; bone cement containing
        growth factor and peptide antimicrobial agent)
                               THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         5
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L30 ANSWER 18 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2000:34776 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         132:113127
                         Bone cement with antimicrobial
TITLE:
                         peptides
                         Burger, Elisabeth Henriette; Van Nieuw Amerongen,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Arie; Wuisman, Paulus Ignatius Jozef Maria
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Stichting Skeletal Tissue Engineering Group Amsterdam,
                         Neth.
                         PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                         1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            ______
     WO 2000001427
                         A1
                                20000113
                                         WO 1999-NL417
                                                                   19990702
         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
             JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
             TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
             MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
```

CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,

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CA 2336030
                                20000113
                          AA
                                            CA 1999-2336030
                                                                   19990702
     AU 9948040
                                20000124
                                            AU 1999-48040
                         A1
                                                                   19990702
     AU 762262
                         В2
                                20030619
     EP 1091774
                                            EP 1999-931589
                         A1
                                20010418
                                                                   19990702
     EP 1091774
                         В1
                                20021030
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     JP 2002519155
                          Т2
                                20020702
                                            JP 2000-557873
                                                                   19990702
     AT 226836
                          Ε
                                20021115
                                            AT 1999-931589
                                                                   19990702
     PT 1091774
                          T
                                20030331
                                            PT 1999-931589
                                                                   19990702
     ES 2186377
                          Т3
                                20030501
                                            ES 1999-931589
                                                                   19990702
                                                                A 19980702
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            EP 1998-202233
                                            WO 1999-NL417
                                                                W 19990702
     The invention relates to bone material for the prevention and
AΒ
     treatment of osteomyelitis, which material is provided with antimicrobial
     peptides (AMPs) consisting of an amino acid chain which contains a domain
     of 10 to 25 amino acids, wherein the majority of the amino acids of the
     one half of the domain are pos. charged amino acids and the majority of
     the amino acids of the other half of the domain are uncharged amino acids,
     which AMPs can be released to the surrounding area for a period of time
     and wherein the bone material forms bone
     cement after curing and the AMPs are distributed homogeneously in
     the cured bone cement. The invention further relates
     to a method of manufacturing the bone material, wherein the
     bone material is cured to bone cement and
     wherein the AMPs are distributed homogeneously in the cured {\bf bone}
     cement.
     ICM A61L024-10
ΙÇ
     ICS A61L027-22; A61K038-10; A61K038-17
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
CC
     bone cement antimicrobial peptide
ST
ΙT
     Antibacterial agents
     Antimicrobial agents
     Osteomyelitis
        (bone cement with antimicrobial peptides)
     Peptides, biological studies
IT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (bone cement with antimicrobial peptides)
ΙT
     Medical goods
        (bone cements; bone cement with
        antimicrobial peptides)
                  255057-05-7, Chondroitin succinate
ΙT
     14047-56-4
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (bone cement with antimicrobial peptides)
     1306-01-0, Tetracalcium phosphate 7757-93-9, Dicalcium phosphate
ΙT
                                       196711-38-3 196711-39-4
     7758-87-4, Tricalcium phosphate
     223762-50-3 230974-91-1 230974-92-2
     233769-42-1 233769-43-2
                                233769-44-3
                                               233769-45-4
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (bone cement with antimicrobial peptides)
     255057-40-0 255057-45-5 255057-46-6
TΨ
                                           255057-49-9
     255057-51-3
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed protein sequence; bone cement with
        antimicrobial peptides)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                         8
```

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 19 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:10615 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:60146

TITLE: Cloning and cDNA sequence of human cystatin E, and its

diagnostic and therapeutic uses

INVENTOR(S): Ni, Jian; Gentz, Reiner L.; Yu, Guo-Liang; Rosen,

Craig A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Human Genome Sciences, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 33 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 461,030.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6011012	 А	20000104	US 1996-744138	19961105
US 5985601	A	19991116	US 1995-461030	19950605
US 6300477	В1	20011009	US 1999-241376	19990202
US 2002052476	A1	20020502	US 2001-940497	20010829
US 6617132	В2	20030909		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-461030	A2 19950605
			US 1996-744138	A3 19961105
			US 1999-241376	A3 19990202

The cDNA sequence and the corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of a AΒ protein putatively identified as cystatin E (CysE) based on amino acid sequence homol. are provided. The cDNA was discovered in a cDNA library derived from human primary culture amniotic cells. Is is structurally related to the cystatin II superfamily. It contains an open reading frame encoding a protein of 148 amino acid residues, of which approx. the first 28 amino acid residues are the putative leader sequence. The protein exhibits the highest degree of homol. to human cystatin C. Recombinant techniques for expression of the protein are described, including (1) bacterial expression using the Escherichia coli expression vector pQE-9, (2) expression in COS cells using the pcDNAI/Amp vector, (3) cloning and expression using the baculovirus expression system with the pA2 vector (a modification of the pVL941 vector) in Sf9 cells, and (4) expression via gene therapy with the pMV-7 vector based on the Moloney murine sarcoma virus backbone. Also disclosed are methods for utilizing such polypeptides for treating osteoporosis, tumor metastases, microbial infections, viral infection, septic shock, inflammation, retinal irritation, caries, cachexia, and muscle wasting. Also disclosed are diagnostic methods for detecting a mutation in the cystatin E nucleic acid sequences and detecting a level of the soluble form of the protein in a sample derived from a host.

ICM C07K014-47 IC

ICS C12N015-12; A61K038-17

INCL 514012000

3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 7, 13

115682-63-8 118390-82-2 **143298-48-0** ΙT 111019-87-5

150656-06-7

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed protein sequence; cloning and cDNA sequence of human cystatin E, and its diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 12 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L30 ANSWER 20 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:51280 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:206476

TITLE: NMR studies of the antimicrobial salivary peptides

histatin 3 and histatin 5 in aqueous and nonaqueous

solutions

AUTHOR(S): Brewer, Dyanne; Hunter, Howard; Lajoie, Gilles

CORPORATE SOURCE: Guelph-Waterloo Centre for Graduate Work Chemistry and

Biochemistry, Department of Chemistry, University of

Waterloo, Waterloo, ON, N2L 3G1, Can.

SOURCE: Biochemistry and Cell Biology (1998), 76(2/3), 247-256

CODEN: BCBIEQ; ISSN: 0829-8211

PUBLISHER: National Research Council of Canada

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Conformational studies of the salivary peptides histatin 3 (H3) and histatin 5 (H5) were performed by NMR and CD in aqueous and nonaq. solns. Histatin 5 has no defined structure in H2O but adopts a more helical conformation in DMSO and aqueous trifluoroethanol. This is in agreement with the CD anal., which shows no secondary structure in H2O but increasing helical content in the presence of trifluoroethanol. CD anal. shows that H3 has less propensity to form a helical structure than H5 in similar conditions. The NMR anal. of H3 in H2O at pH 7.4 reveals that its conformational mobility is less than that of H5 as indicated by the observation of backbone cross peaks  $\alpha N$  (i, i + 1) and NN (i, i + 1) and the slow exchanging amide protons in the C-terminus. However, H3 remains essentially unordered as suggested by the lack of longer range nuclear Overhauser effects (NOEs) in the NOESY spectrum. H3 becomes much more ordered in a mixture of 50:50 H2O - DMSO as indicated by the numerous NOEs, including several side chain to side chain and side chain to backbone connectivities. Our data suggest that in these conditions H3 contains a turn in the region of K13 to K17 and possibly a 310 helix at the C-terminus. This study demonstrates that H3 and H5 are both conformationally mobile and that each adopts different types of conformations in aqueous and nonaq. solns.

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)

IT 115966-67-1, Histatin 3 115966-68-2, Histatin 5

RL: PRP (Properties)

(NMR studies of the antimicrobial salivary peptides histatin 3 and histatin 5 in aqueous and nonaq. solns.)

REFERENCE COUNT:

SOURCE:

46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 21 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:20346 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:189600

TITLE: Structure of human salivary histatin 5 in aqueous and

nonaqueous solutions

AUTHOR(S): Raj, Periathamby Antony; Marcus, Emil; Sukumaran,

Dinesh K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Oral Biology and Periodontal Disease

Research Center, State University of New York at

Buffalo, Buffalo, NY, 14214, USA Biopolymers (1998), 45(1), 51-67

CODEN: BIPMAA; ISSN: 0006-3525

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

3.8) and DMSO solns. using 500 MHz homo- and heteronuclear 2-dimensional (2D) NMR. The resonance assignment of peptide backbone and side-chain protons was accomplished by 2D total correlated spectroscopy and NOE spectroscopy. The high JNH-C $\alpha$ H values ( $\geq 7.4$  Hz), absence of any characteristic NH-NH(i, i + 1) or  $C\alpha H-C\beta H$ (i, i + 3) NOE connectivities, high d/dT values (≥0.004 ppm K-1), and the fast 1H/2H amide exchange suggested that histatin 5 mols. remained unstructured in aqueous solution at pH 3.8. In contrast, histatin 5 preferred largely an  $\alpha$ -helical conformation in DMSO solution as evident from the JNH-C $\alpha$ H values ( $\leq$ 6.4 Hz), slow 1H/2H exchange, low d/dT values ( $\leq 0.003$  ppm K-1) observed for amide resonances of residues 6-24, and the characteristic NH-NH(i, i + 1) and C $\alpha$ H-C $\beta$ H(i, i + 3) NOE connectivities. All backbone amide 15N-1H connectivities fell within 6 ppm on the 15N scale in the 2D heteronuclear single quantum correlated spectrum, and the restrained structure calcns. using DIANA suggested the prevalence of  $\alpha$ -helical conformations stabilized by 19  $(5 \rightarrow 1)$  intramol. **backbone** amide H-bonds in polar aprotic medium such as DMSO. The interside-chain H-bonding and salt-bridge type interactions that normally stabilize the helical structure of linear peptides in aqueous solns. were not observed Histatin 5, unlike other naturally

occurring antimicrobial polypeptides such as magainins, defensins, and tachyplesins, did not adopt amphiphilic structure, precluding its insertion into microbial membranes and formation of ion channels across membranes. Electrostatic (ionic type) and H-bonding interactions of the pos. charged and polar residues with the head groups of microbial membranes or with a membrane-bound receptor could be the initial step involved in the mechanism of antimicrobial activity of histatins.

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)

115966-68-2, Histatin 5 ΙT

RL: PRP (Properties)

(NMR study of structure of human salivary histatin 5 in aqueous and nonaq. solns.)

REFERENCE COUNT:

75 THERE ARE 75 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 22 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:969749 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:350366

TITLE:

Pharmaceutical compositions containing cell

bone disease

INVENTOR(S):

growth factor and histatin for

Taniguchi, Shinjiro; Takemura, Akane; Matsuda, Naoki;

Patent

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Tsunemitsu, Akira

Sunstar Kk, Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07258110	A2	19951009	JP 1994-76628	19940322
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1994-76628	19940322

AB Pharmaceutical compns. for bone disease (such fracture) contain epidermal growth factor and histatin, preferably histatin-5. An injection contained epidermal growth factor 1, histatin-5 200, NaCl 900mg and

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injection water to 100mL. The prepns. were effective and stable.
IC
     ICM A61K038-22
     ICS A61K038-00
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
ST
     cell growth factor histatin bone disease
ΙT
    Bone, disease
        (pharmaceutical compns. containing cell growth factor
        and histatin for bone disease)
IT
    Bone, disease
        (fracture, pharmaceutical compns. containing cell growth
        factor and histatin for bone disease)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
ΙT
        (injections, pharmaceutical compns. containing cell growth
        factor and histatin for bone disease)
IT
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
        (ointments, pharmaceutical compns. containing cell growth
        factor and histatin for bone disease)
     62229-50-9, Epidermal growth factor 115966-68-2,
IΤ
                 123781-17-9, Histatin
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pharmaceutical compns. containing cell growth factor
        and histatin for bone disease)
    ANSWER 23 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                         1994:317997 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         120:317997
TITLE:
                         Membrane-induced helical conformation of an active
                         candidacidal fragment of salivary histatins
AUTHOR(S):
                         Raj, Periathamby Antony; Soni, Sunil Datta; Levine,
                         Michael J.
                         Dep. Oral Biol., State Univ. New York, Buffalo, NY,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         14214, USA
SOURCE:
                         Journal of Biological Chemistry (1994), 269(13),
                         9610-19
                         CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     The conformational preference of the candidacidal C-terminal 16-residue
     fragment (9-24; GYKRKFHEKHHSHRGY) of salivary histatin 5 was examined in
     H2O, MeOH, and DMSO solns. using 500 MHz 2-dimensional-NMR. Fourier
     transform IR and CD spectroscopy were used to delineate its membrane-bound
     conformation in lipid vesicles. The peptide backbone and
     side-chain proton resonance assignments were accomplished by 2-dimensional
     total correlated and nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) spectra. The
     coupling constant (JNH-CaH) values determined from the double
     quantum-filtered correlated spectra, temperature coeffs. of NH chemical shifts
     (d\delta/dT), 1H/2H exchange rates on amide resonances, and the set of
     NOE connectivities were used to delineate backbone
     conformational features. The high JNH-C\alphaH values (\geq 7.4 Hz),
     absence of any characteristic NH-NH (i, i+1) or C\alpha H-C\beta H (i,i+3)
     NOE connectivities, high d\delta/dT values (\geq 0.004), and the fast
     1H/2H amide exchange suggest that the histatin peptide favors unfolded
     random conformations in aqueous solution at pH 3.8.
                                                           In contrast, the
     JNH-C\alphaH values (\leq 6.5 Hz), slow 1H/2H exchange, low
     d\delta/dT values (\leq 0.003) observed for amide resonances of residues
     5-16, and the characteristic NH-NH (i,i+1), C\alpha H-C\beta H (i,i+3) NOE
     connectivities, provide evidence for the presence of largely
     α-helical conformations in DMSO, which mimics the polar aprotic
     membrane environment. In methanolic solns., 310-helical conformations
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Garcia 10/627,314

could exist as a minor population together with the major  $\alpha$ -helical conformations. Fourier transform IR spectroscopy and CD data indicate that lipid environments such as dimyristoylphosphatidylcholine vesicles could induce the peptide to fold into predominantly  $\alpha$ -helical conformation. The results suggest that in DMSO and dimyristoylphosphatidylcholine vesicles the candidacidal domain of salivary histatin 5 prefers a largely helical conformation, which could facilitate its interaction with the membrane of Candida albicans. The mechanism of antimicrobial action of this class of polypeptides appears to involve primarily electrostatic and hydrogen-bonding interaction of cationic and polar residues with the head groups of the plasma membranes of target cells.

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 10

IT 115966-68-2, Histatin 5

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(membrane-induced helical conformation of C-terminal peptide of, candidacidal activity in relation to)

IT 132796-31-7

RL: PRP (Properties)

(membrane-induced helical conformation of, candidacidal activity in relation to)

L30 ANSWER 24 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

1991:608575 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

115:208575

TITLE:

Synthesis and biological activity of histidine-rich

peptides bonded to polylysine backbone

AUTHOR(S):

Chang, Conway C.; Pollock, Jerry J.; Hong, Anita L. Appl. Biosyst. Inc., Foster City, CA, 94404, USA Pept. 1990, Proc. Eur. Pept. Symp., 21st (1991),

SOURCE:

Meeting Date 1990, 843-6. Editor(s): Giralt, Ernest;

Andreu, David. ESCOM Sci. Publ.: Leiden, Neth.

CODEN: 57HNAI

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE:

English

GI

H-X-Lys-Arg-His-His-Gly-Tyr-Lys-

Arg-Lys-Phe-His-Glu-Lys-His-His-

I, X=null

Ser-His-Arg-Gly-Tyr-OH

II, X=Asp-Ser-His-Ala

- AB A symposium report on the synthesis of histidine-rich peptides HRP-5 (I) and HRP-6 (II) bonded to an 8-branched lysine **backbone**. The antifungal activity against Candida albicans by the lysine-complexed HRP-5 and HRP-6 was compared to that of the uncomplexed peptides.
- CC 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)
- ST histidine peptide polylysine **backbone** symposium; lysine polymer histidine peptide symposium; antifungal histidine peptide polylysine symposium
- IT Fungicides and Fungistats

(histidine-rich peptides bound to polylysine backbone)

T1-00-1DP, Histidine, peptides containing, polylysine-bound 25104-18-1DP, Lysine homopolymer, histidine-rich peptides bound to 117233-32-6DP, polylysine-bound 136843-45-3DP, HRP 6, polylysine-bound

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and antifungal activity of)